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Fair. The Metals Silver, 53c per ounce. Copper (cathodes), 13%c per pound. Lead, \$4.35 per 100 pounds.

Weather for Tuesday.

ALDRICH AND

Hoosier Proves Rather Too Much for the Rhode Island Senator.

REPUBLICAN LEADER SHOWS BITTERNESS

OF THE G. C. P. OF IMBIBING IDEAS OF DEMOCRACY.

Washington, June 7.—The senate The Margaret did not land at the wharf per cent ad valorem on the fabric of rescue. The officers and crew of known as window hollands, Senator Aldrich was apparently somewhat encouraged over the prospect of making decided headway with the cotton sched-

lisappointment, for only a few moments and before he concluded he had opened Freight Train on the Union Pacific afterwards Mr. Beveridge took the floor such a gap that the Rhode Island senator could not resist the opportunity to had been inclined to support the recommendations of the finance committee, the admission led the chairman of the committee to say the Indiana senator had not shown such intention by the recommendations of the finance committee to say the Indiana senator had not shown such intention by the recommendation of the committee to say the Indiana senator had not shown such intention by the recommendation of the finance committee, the admission led the chairman of the committee to say the Indiana senator miles week of Chemomenta (Indiana Senator). walk in. Mr. Beveridge having said he had not shown such intention by his votes. From that time forward the two senators were engaged in joint debate much of the time during the day. In the course of his remarks Mr. Aldrich, while contending that many prohibitive tariffs were justified, said he never had favored a prohibitive notice. He become the greatest manufacturer of after a delay of eight hours.

afternoon the senate reached its and other minor damage done. second vote, which was on an amendment by Senator Dolliver to strike out county, and many out the committee provision fixing a duty of 1 cent a square yard for the process of mercerization. The amendment was lost by the unusually close vote of 32 to 38. The narrowing of the margin, however, was due to the ab- Commandant at Fort Leavenworth sence of senators rather than to the conversion of progressives to the Al-

Progressives Chided.

It was after this vote that Senator

Both Senators Beveridge and Cummins replied, the former making the rely that he was standing on the Re-

ent's cabinet a reliable leader on this subject, because of his former Demo-

The progressive Republicans gained concession from the finance committee in the removal of rubber goods from the cotton schedule, thus preventing the exposition of a duty on such goods beause of the cotton in them.

Low Tariff Leadership.

Mr. Aldrich asserted that the majorty in the senate were voting together because they were loyal Republicans who believed in the doctrine of protection. Returning to the question of low tariff leadership, Mr. Aldrich said that at one time he was ready to think that Mr. Beveridge was at the head of the

Continued on Page 6.

FIGHT Sixty-Five Persons Went Down When Pier Collapsed at Mandeville, La.

0,000,000,000,000,000 Mandeville, La., June 7.—Eleven ❖
 bodies have been recovered from ❖ & Lake Pontchartrain at the scene & 💠 of yesterday's collapse of a small 💠 opier upon which scores of excursionists had crowded to board the & 💠 steamer Margaret. So far as can 🌣 ACCUSES PROGRESSIVE MEMBER

be ascertained no other persons are

missing, but searching parties continued to drag the lake.

The responsibility for the catastrophe has not been fixed, but a
rigid inquiry has been instituted. 00000000000000000

Washington, June 7.—The cotton ⊕ lapse of a freight wharf here, upon which lasted until ⊕ which about sixty-five people had Mandeville, La., June 7.-By the col-

chamber was again today the scene of a lively contest. Senator Aldrich, leading the conservatives, and Senator Bev- This small wharf was pulled by the eridge, heading the progressives, did most of the taiking. Both senators were frequently on their feet and there were many sharp conflicts between them. Beginning the session with a vote on the recommendation of his committee for a duty of 3c a square yard and 20 recommendation on the fabric of rescue. The officers and crew of the session with a vote on the recommendation of his committee for a duty of 3c a square yard and 20 rushed to the wharf to join in the work of rescue. The officers and crew of

Aldrich Trapped. His hopes, however, were doomed to CAUGHT BY A

Ditched in Wyoming-Service Greatly Delayed.

had favored a prohibitive policy. He predicted that in time the south would wreck over an abandoned sidetrack

Replying, Senator Bacon declared that if even such should prove to be true, he would not favor any increase of the customs duties. About the middle of Bad floods are reported from Carbon bridges have been

FIRED AT FUNSTON.

Engages in Fight With Burglar.

Leavenworth, Kan., June 7.—Brigadier General Frederick Funston, commandant of the army service school at Fort Leav-enworth, engaged in a revolver fight with It was after this vote that Senator a supposed burglar in his quarters at Aldrich found occasion again to challenge the attitude of some of the Republican senators who were contending for lower duties. He charged them with playing the part of assistants to the Democrats, and, speaking of Senator Beveridge, declared he had associated with the Democrats so long that he was adopting their ideas. He charged the mattress near the same bullet pierced the mattress near the same bullet pierced the mattress near the same bullet pierced the mattress near the same publican senators who were contending General Funston was unharmed. The period to the property of the pr was adopting their ideas. He charac-terized Mr. Beveridge as the leader of the opposition on the lights and fired three shots at the man as he fied.

THREE REASONS GIVEN.

lican platform, while the latter statthat he had so often been charged * the Roosevelt administration, quick * with being a Democrat that the charge settlement of the tariff question, and assurances of excellent crops, & During the day Senator Smith of * are given as the threefold basis for * Michigan took occasion to character-ize Secretary MacVeagh as the mouth- riod of great national prosperity ece of the administration on the tar- of the annual report of the Con- of He did not admit that he consid- & solidated stock exchange, issued &

Have The Herald Sent to Your Summer Address?

Subscribers need only to keep this office informed as to their whereabouts and the address will be changed as often as desired. Send notice to the Circulation Department. Telephones: Independent, 257 and 366. Bell, Exchange 20.

NOTED BREATHITT COUNTY SHERIFF SHOT FROM AMBUSH BY ENEMIES

played in the numerous feuds that have Breathitt county for years, Lexington, Ky., June 7.—It is report-

Callahan had swept out his store pre-paratory to opening for the day and was brushing the refuse from the front his bloodhounds to trace the assassin.

Jackson, Ky., June 7.—Ex-Sheriff Ed- ago. His case was continued and he at ward Callahan, famous throughout this section of the state for the part he played in the state for the part he his life.

was shot from ambush early today and, ed here that the immediate cause for is believed, fatally wounded, at his the shooting of ex-Sheriff Edward Calme in Crockettsville, sixteen miles lahan was a dispute over the manage ment of a church he built, and of which

for when the shot was fired. The ball | Callahan was the chief lieutenant of bok effect in the left side of the ab- Judge James Hargis, who was shot and then. Two doctors left early for killed by his son, Beech Hargis, the lathockettsville. Bloodhounds have been ter having received a life sentence. but on the trail of the assassin, who, it Judge Hargis several years ago appointunderstood, hid behind a pile of coal ed Callahan sheriff of Breathitt counof the the shot. Excitement in this re-ty, and the enemies of the Hargis clan End is intense over the shooting.

Carahan was in Jackson Saturday in ed. Six years ago Attorney J. B. Mar-Mishdance upon court, a warrant have cum was shot and killed in Jackson, as been served upon him for malicious and the climax was reached in the souths in a few lines in a thoughing in a family affair some time "bloody Breathitt" murders.

The people of Utah will vote today on the proposal to modify the state constitution so as to permit the levy of a one-mill tax for fifteen years to provide funds for the erection of a suitable state capitol

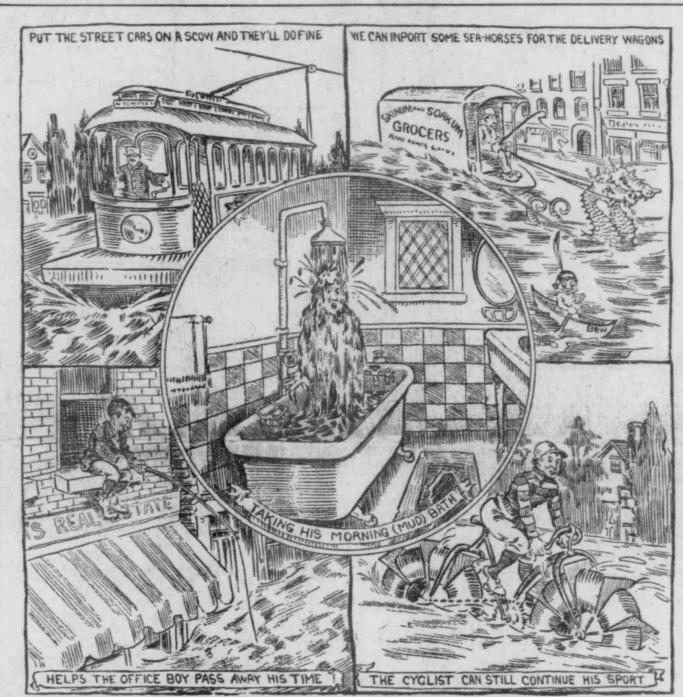
A large proportion of the tax will be paid by Salt Lake, just as this city pays the larger proportion of all state and school taxes. Some opposition to the proposal exists in some localities throughout the state. The defeat of the capitol plan would retard the completion of the one improvement most needed by the state. So far as the expense is concerned, the state is now paying rentals enough to meet interest charges on the cost of a good building. Beyond the money question, however, is the need of a capitol, unless Utah is willing to advertise to the world its backwardness in assuming the position among other states to which its growth, its importance and its pride should naturally point.

Either as an investment, as a matter of advantageous publicity or as a necessity for the proper organization and administration of state business, a capitol building is most desirable. Under the plan proposed, the cost will be spread over a long series of years, dividing the burden so it can be carried easily. Surely this state is not so poor either in funds or in state spirit as to wish for the indefinite continuance of the present arrangement by which the state is the tenant of the county, the city and innumerable private property owners.

A magnificent site has been set aside and has been in preparation for years. It commands one of the most beautiful panoramas in the world; a building there would be seen from any direction for miles away. No transient traveler or visitor could fail to see and admire the right sort of structure at that point. In dollars and cents in the presence of a stately capitol would be worth more to the whole state than many thousands of dollars spent in any other form of publicity.

Naturally Salt Lake should support the proposal, and its support should be of the kind to take every voter, man and woman, to the polls today. The opponents of the plan, however few, will record their objection; it will not do for the friends of the capitol to content themselves with approval if it does not include a vote in favor of the amendment.

Go to the polls before you come down town today, and see that every voter in your household, your neighbors and friends, all vote. The fate of the capitol improvement may depend upon Salt Lake's vote-and that means you!



During the High Water.

WHERE YOU MUST GO TO VOTE TODAY ON PROPOSITION FOR STATE CAPITOL BUILDING

Following is a complete list of the politing places for today's special election on the proposition for a state capitol building for Utah:

District No. 31—Residence of L. Dahl-District No. 62—Holliday meeting house.

District No. 32—Relief Society hall, District No. 63—Maxfield mine, Big Cottonwood canyon.

District No. 6—Store 1127 South Third
East.

District No. 7—Annex of Second ward
meeting house.

District No. 8—Residence of H. StromDistrict No. 8—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
man.

District No. 1—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
District No. 1—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
District No. 1—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
District No. 2—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
District No. 2—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
District No. 2—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
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District No. 2—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north
District No. 2—Residence of Paul Hennock, North Salt Lake, one block north

District No. 27—Bird-Cowan company, 160 South West Temple.
District No. 28—Residence W. S. Burton, 18 South Second West.
District No. 29—Residence of Mrs.
Battley, 144 South Seventh West.
District No. 30—Fifteenth ward amuse-

District No. 1—Rear 576 East Eleventh
South.

District No. 2—Ulmer greenhouse, 1150

First North and Second West.

District No. 33—Sixteenth ward amusement hall, Fifth West, between North ley's canyon.

District No. 150

Temple and First North.

Kensington avenue.

District No. 34—Residence of H. C. AnDistrict No. 3—Thirty-first ward meetderson, 946 West North Temple. ng house.

District No. 4—Residence of J. T. Rob- Collett, 27 Almond street. erts, 703 South Ninth East.

District No. 36—Twenty-second ward
District No. 5—Store 702 South Seventh annex, Third North, between Third and

District No. 8—Residence of H. Stollar ness, 747 South State.

District No. 9—Basement of city and county building.

District No. 10—437 South Second East.

District No. 11—403 East Fourth South.

District No. 12—Ninth ward annnex, 416

District No. 42—Twentleth ward District No. 43—Twentleth ward District No. 44—Twentleth ward District No District No. 12—Ninth ward annex, 416
South Fifth East.

District No. 13—Tenth ward annex, 416
Eight East and Fourth South.

District No. 14—Residence of J. T.

Strong, 849 East Fourth South.

District No. 15—Thirty-third ward amusement hall, Eleventh East, between Fourth and Fifth South.

District No. 16—Residence of John McNeill, 1012 South First West.

District No. 17—Dunford's store, 860

South Fifth East.

District No. 42—Twentieth ward amusement hall.

District No. 43—Residence of Richard Smyth, 316 C 'street.

District No. 44—Residence of W. S.

Barnes, 514 Second avenue.

District No. 45—Residence of Mrs.

District No. 46—Residence of John McNeill, 1012 South First West.

District No. 42—Twentieth ward amusement hall.

District No. 43—Residence of W. S.

District No. 45—Residence of Mrs.

District No. 47—Residence of John McValley, 1133 First avenue.

District No. 42—Twentieth ward amusement hall.

District No. 43—Residence of W. S.

District No. 44—Residence of John McValley, 1133 First avenue.

District No. 42—Twentieth ward amusement hall.

South Eight West.

District No. 18—Uintah Training school, between Eleventh and Tweifth

West and Ninth and Tenth South.

District No. 19—Annex Fifth ward

District No. 19—Annex Fifth ward

District No. 50—656 East First South, District No. 84-School house at Hunter. West and Ninth and Tenth South.

District No. 19—Annex Fifth ward meeting house, Seventh South and Third residence of F. G. Lyngberg.

West.

District No. 50—656 East First South, residence of F. G. Lyngberg.

District No. 50—61—Calvary Methodist church. 474 East Second South.

West.
District No. 20—Weight's grocery store,
Else South First West.
District No. 21—Residence of John E.
Busby, 467 South West Temple.
District No. 22—Watson's store, Third West and Fifth South.
District No. 23—Rear Twenty-fifth ward meeting house.
District No. 23—Rear Twenty-fifth ward meeting house.
District No. 25—37 Market street.
District No. 25—37 Market street.
District No. 25—37 Market street.
District No. 25—Mill Greek ward meeting house, Murray.
District No. 25—Residence of Elizabeth H. Lyon, first house north of Stale planing mill.
District No. 27—Bird-Cowan company.

District No. 28—South Cottonwood field.
District No. 37—Burton's school, 1900

Cottonwood canyon.

District No. 64—Half-way House, Par-

District No. 65-Butler ward meeting District No. 66—Union Co-op. hall. District No. 67—City hall, Sandy. District No. 68—Samuel Parry's resi-District No. 68—Samuel Parry's residence on State road, Sandy.
District No. 69—Granite ward house.
District No. 70—Columbus mine office.
District No. 71—Crescent ward house.
District No. 72—Ice cream parlor opposite meeting house, Draper.
District No. 73—Bluffdale dance hall.
District No. 74—Ward house at Herriman.

District No. 75-Riverton Commercial

District No. 76—Old Holt store. District No. 77—West Jordan amuse-District No. 78-Twenty-seventh district school of West Jordan.

District No. 79—Taylorsville ward District No. 80-School house, Upper Bingham.
District No. 81-Meyers hotel, Main District No. 82-Copperton boarding house, Copperton.

District No. 83-Pleasant Green ward

District No. 85—Granger meeting house. District No. 86—Brighton ward meeting District No. 87-Residence of Anna C. Madsen, 50 Whitman avenue.

District No. 88-1977 South Eleventh
East, residence of F. Lincoln.

District No. 89-Forest Dale school

bistrict No. 59—South Cottonwood ward house, Murray.

District No. 80—Second ward meeting house, Murray.

District No. 61—Grant ward meeting house, Murray.

District No. 61—Grant ward meeting house, Murray.

District No. 96—Bath house at Gar-District No. 97—Burton's school, 1900 State street.

District No. 98—Residence of E. E. Dudley, 265 Main street, Bingham Canyon.

If You Don't Know Where You Vote, Call Bell Phone, Main 1535, or Ind. 4034 or Stop at Headquarters, Windsor Hotel

State Shall Have a Fine Capitol Building.

POLITICAL PARTIES ARE ALL INTERESTED

PROMINENT CITIZENS WILL BRIDGES WASHED AWAY, POW-WORK TO GET LARGE VOTE-STATE OFFICIALS SPEAK.

shall have a state capitol building or whether it will continue paying out for rent each year over \$15,000, partly to the city and partly to the county and to many private Salt Lake concerns, will be settled the amount of water flowing the high water period.

Automobiles will be on hand to convey oters to the polls and will call for any City creek has ruined the roadway

machine Voting Simple.

Last evening the judges were given instruction in the sheriff's office in the use of the machine, which this year will be a very simple matter. All a voter has to do after entering the booth is to place the pointer at the upper right hand corner at the word "Yes," and swing back the bar. Until he or she has done this it will be impossible to leave the booth after having once entered it. There will be no confusing tickets, no party emblems in sight, and it will not even be necessary to touch the releasing knob at the bottom of the machine, which will be an improvement over the operation of the machine last year.

The judges will be prepared to fully explain how to vote to any doubtful elector, and will pull the cord which encloses the voter upon entering the curtains. Machines will be used in all the city districts, as the law compels, and several machines will be kept in readiness in case of emergency.

The Salt Lake vote will, of course, be practically unanimous and should be easy for any voter to ascertain where he or she should vote.

Some opposition has developed to the erection of the capitol, largely through the efforts of William Glasmann of Ogden in his newspapers. Glasmann has been conducting a press bureau and has been conducting a press bureau and has been turning out material for country newspapers throughout the state. This and some unfair criticisms have aroused the governor and the elective members of the administration to issue the following statement, which is being given all the

Tuesday there will be submitted to the people of the state a question of vital importance, and one which is worthy the most careful consideration of every voter of the state—"Shall Utah have a state will result.

Washed away, and the tracks are how suspended in the air or lying beneath the level of the stream. The most serious washout in the canyon is near Olmstead, and at this point a great amount of loss will result.

the position of tenant to Salt Lake City and county and various landlords of Salt Lake City. With the assumption of the territorial debts and the then unknown needs of the new state in the matter of accommodations for state officers, the onstitutional convention deemed

constitutional convention deemed it pru-dent to defer provision for a state capitol building until a date in the future when the needs of the state officers became apparent and the financial condition of the state would permit of its building. Ten years was the maximum time urged for these developments. for these developments.

Thirteen years have elapsed since the granting of statehood. Those thirteen years have been years of prosperity for Utah and her people; they have been years of growth, activity and accomplishment. With the growth of the state and the development of her resources, there has naturally come an ever-increasing volume of business for transaction by the officers of the state.

While thirteen years ago the accommon

the officers of the state.

While thirteen years ago the accommodations afforded at the city and county building were ample, today this building can not house many of the state officers, and those who do find quarters there are in imperative need of more commodious accommodations. for the expeditions accommodations, for the expeditious

Continued on Page 2.

Votes Will Decide Whether This Every Stream Is Raising Havoc With Communities in Various Parts of City.

> RAILROAD IN PROVO CANYON WASHED OUT

ER HOUSE ENDANGERED-PROPERTY DAMAGED.

by vote of the electorate.

It is a matter that should bring out a larger vote than is usual on such questions, and with this in mind prominent citizens took the matter in hand yesterday so far as the city districts are concerned.

Automobiles will be on hand to convey.

who desire them.

All three parties in the city will contribute workers, teams and automobiles.

Governor Spry has asked all employes of the state who can be spared to help, and Mayor Bransford has given similar instructions to city employes.

Registry agents will be at the voting booths from 7 o'clock in the morning, when the polls open, until 7 o'clock in the evening, when they close, to attend to transfers. Competent judges of election have been secured for all the districts.

Machine Voting Simple.

City creek has to caused considerable damage in washing away the banks of the stream in Canyon road. The Jordan river is backing up and overflowing its banks in many places from Fourteenth South to North Salt Lake and flooding a large area of land.

The Tenth South canal and Parley's creek are way over their banks in several places, but little damage has resulted so far from these two streams.

Big Cottonwood creek is now carrying 1,000.35 second-feet of water—just twice the amount of last year.

newspapers throughout the solution of the submitted to the solution of the administration to issue the following statement, which is being given all the prominence possible at this late date:

STATE OFFICERS

ISSUE STATEMENT

The Heber City branch of the Rio Grande Western railroad, which runs up Provo canyon, has been out of commission for forty-eight hours, and according to reports it will not be possible to get a train over it for two days at least. The roadbed for the entire distance between mile posts seven and fourteen has been washed away, and the tracks are now suspended in the air or lying beneath the

of the state—"Shall Utah have a state capitol?"

That citizens generally may be awake to the importance of the special election, we take this opportunity of presenting to them the considerations which have led the legislature to make provision for the submission of the capitol question.

Utah has now enjoyed the distinction of statehood for a period of thirteen years. statehood for a period of thirteen years. South street canal are both carrying much during all of which time she has occupied more water than last year, but neither of these streams has caused any great amount of trouble. Several bridges over

Jordan River Lake.

The country in the vicinity of the Jordan river from Fourteenth South street to North Salt Lake is one big lake. The river is being taxed beyond its capacity and cannot carry the water which is

On North Temple street, from West nd Fifth West streets, the sidewalks are under six inches of sand and gravel and the roadways are covered with water and debris. The manure used in building em-bankments along the street to keep the water out of homes is giving off a most foul odor, and unless steps are taken to the west side are doomed to sickness of serious nature.

Menace to Health.

accommodations, for the expeditious transaction of business.

In addition to this, the governments of Salt Lake City and county are each year in need of additional rooms in the city and county building, and the state must give way to the growing demands of those who own the building.

The present scattered location of the various officers of state government renders the transaction of business slow and cumbersome. Especially is this true with relation to those from the outside counties who visit Salt Lake and are compelled to spend hours of time in locating the officers with whom they desire to transact business.

Utah has a magnificent and valuable

Continued on Page 2 The stench arising from the piles of ma-

Continued on Page 12.

MURDERER SHOT DOWN WHILE ON HIS WAY TO COURT TO STAND HIS TRIAL

St. Louis, June 7 .- Fred Mohrle, on [threatened him, saying that he could trial for murder here, was assassinat- take care of himself. ed in the corridor of the Four Courts Mohrle. When the shots resounded

stable, today.

tion of a bitter political feud. on of a bitter political feud.

Mohrle had asserted shortly after the is also under arrest for this death.

Kane used Young's revolver in killing by William Kane, an ex-deputy con- through the Four Courts building William Wright, a co-defendant Mohrle killed Constable Sam Young Mohrle, became hysterical. He begged n North St. Louis several weeks ago. to be placed in jail. Judge Fisher or-William Kane, who shot Mohrle today, dered him locked up. Only a few nights was a former deputy under Young. ago Wright became frenzied on the The shooting occurred as Mohrle was street and began shooting wildly, under being taken to court to stand trial for the impression that the "gang" was the death of Young, and is the culmina- after him. Alfred Neilson, who was

shooting of Young that the "gang had Mohrle killed Young on April 4. threatened to get him," but, following News of Young's death was received the ethics of the "gang," he refused to with cheers at a nearby political meetreveal the identity of the men who had ing a few minutes after the tragedy.